

Rupestris du Lot



Genetic origin

This is a Vitis rupestris Scheele selection.

Breeder\/breeder and year obtained

This root stock was initially noticed by R. Sijas at Montferrier-sur-Lez near Montpellier, and was then studied by Alexis Millardet who name it, 1879.

Elements of ampelographic description

The identification is based on:

- the tip of the young shoot that is closed, with no erect and prostrate hairs,
- the shiny reddish young leaves, with no erect and prostrate hairs.

Estimated surface area of the French vineyard grafted with this rootstock and main regions of use

25 000 ha . Midi-Pyrénées, Charentes, Rhône-Alpes, Aquitaine, Provence-Alpes-Côte d'Azur, Corse, Languedoc-Roussillon, Val de Loire.

- the shoots with a bushy and erect bearing, a smooth, purple and uniform surface, no erect and prostrate hairs,
- the short tendrils, with a strong anthocyanin coloration,
- the small, kidney-shaped, entire adult leaves, with an open petiole sinus, a strong anthocyanin coloration of veins, medium length teeth compared to their width with straight sides, a smooth leaf blade, gutter-folded towards the upper side of the blade, and on the lower side of the leaves, no erect and prostrate hairs,
- the male flowers,
- the purplish brown, short and ramified woody shoots, with no erect and prostrate hairs.

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Evolution of mother vine surfaces

Year	1945	1955	1965	1975	1985	1995	2005	2015
ha	529	981	917	423	81	14	7	12

Genetic profile

MicrosatelliteVVS2		VVMD5	VVMD7	VVMD27	VRZAG62	VRZAG79	VVMD25	VVMD28	VVMD32
Allele 1	135	234	257	236	196	260	236	218	234
Allele 2	135	265	260	236	196	264	236	241	236

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Resistance to soil pests

This rootstock is fairly tolerant to the root form of phylloxera, but is sensitive to *Meloidogyne arenaria* and *Meloidogyne incognita* nematodes. It is quite tolerant to *Meloidogyne hapla* nematodes, *Phytophthora cinnamomi* and *Agrobacterium vitis*.

Aptitudes for vegetative multiplication

Rupestris du Lot has short internodes with small to moderate diameter. The canes are hard and the growth of lateral shoot buds is widespread. Rupestris du Lot wood production is low (20 000 to 40 000 m/ha) but this rootstock has good cuttings rooting and grafting capacities.

Clonal selection in France

In France, the 6 certified Rupestris du Lot clones carry the numbers 110, 213, 214, 235, 750 and 751. Among those, the clones multiplied are:

- clone No. 110: 3 ha 13 ares of mother vines producing certified material, in 2017,
- clone No. 235: 9 ha 17 ares of mother vines producing certified material, in 2017.

Datas are extracted from: Les chiffres de la pépinière viticole, 2017, Datas and assesment of FranceAgriMer, may 2018.

Adaptation to the environment

Rupestris du Lot resists up to 25% of "total" limestone, 14% of "active" limestone and to an ICP of 20. Its resistance to drought is moderate and its use should be avoided in too compact soils. This rootstock is slightly tolerant to chlorides and absorbs potassium fairly well. Rupestris du Lot is well adapted to poor and with no or very little limestone soils.

Interaction with the graft and production objectives

Rupestris du Lot easily grows suckers, but it usually has a good affinity with grafts. It works especially well with Grenache and Ugni blanc. This rootstock confers a high vigor and induces considerable vegetative growth. Rupestris du Lot tends to delay the growth cycle and the risk of coulure with some susceptible varieties may increase.

Bibliographic references

- Catalogue des variétés et clones de vigne cultivés en France. Collectif, 2007, Ed. IFV, Le Grau-du-Roi, France.
- Documentary collections of the Centre de Ressources Biologiques de la Vigne de Vassal-Montpellier, INRAE Montpellier SupAgro, Marseillan, France.
- Cépages et vignobles de France, tome 1. P. Galet, 1988, Ed. Dehan, Montpellier, France.











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