



# Mourvèdre gris G

Wine grape variety.





### Origin

This variety corresponds to the grey mutation of Mourvèdre.

### Use

Wine grape variety.

### Name of the variety in France

Mourvèdre gris

### Synonymy

There is no officially recognized synonym in France nor in the other countries of the European Union, for this variety.

# Regulatory data

In France, Mourvèdre gris is officially listed in the "Catalogue of vine varieties" since 2023 on the A list and classified.

### **Description elements**

The description corresponds to that of Mourvèdre, except for the berry skin color which is grey when ripe.

# Genetic profile

MicrosatelliteVVS2		VVMD5	VVMD7	VVMD27	VRZAG62	VRZAG79	VVMD25	VVMD28	VVMD32
Allele 1	131	223	249	176	188	252	240	243	239
Allele 2	149	238	249	186	204	262	262	257	255

### Cultivation and agronomic skills

The aptitudes are comparable to those of Mourvèdre.

### **Clonal selection in France**

The only certified Mourvèdre gris clone carries the number 1381.

### **Phenology**

Bud burst: 6 days after Chasselas. Grape maturity: mid-season, 3 weeks after Chasselas.

# Bibliographic references

- Documentary collections of the Centre de Ressources Biologiques de la Vigne de Vassal-Montpellier, INRAE - Institut Agro Montpellier, Marseillan, France.

### Technological potential

The bunches and berries are medium in size. The bunches and berries are medium to large in size. This variety has good accumulation potential of sugars while maintaining a correct level of acidity, both for white and rosé wines. Colour intensity is low, producing pale rosé wines. Wines made from Mourvèdre gris have a complex, expressive profile, with mainly yellow-fleshed fruit notes.

### Susceptibility to Diseases and Pests

The behavior of Mourvèdre gris towards diseases is comparable to that of Mourvèdre.











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