

New

# Gueuche noir N

Wine grape variety.



## Origin

Gueuche noir is originally from Franche-Comté and Ain. Based on genetic analysis carried out in Montpellier, this variety is probably a descendant of Gouais blanc.

## Use

Wine grape variety.

## Name of the variety in France

Gueuche noir

## Synonymy

There is no officially recognized synonym in France nor in the other countries of the European Union, for this variety.

## Regulatory data

In France, Gueuche noir is officially listed in the "Catalogue of vine varieties" since 2021 on the A list but is not yet classified.

## Description elements

The identification is based on:

- the white tip of the young shoot, with a high density of prostrate hairs,
- the yellow young leaves with bronze spots, a high density of prostrate hairs and a low density of erect hairs,
- the red shoots,
- the circular adult leaves, small to medium-sized, with three or five lobes, broad U-shaped lateral sinuses, an open lyre-shaped petiole sinus, medium teeth with straight and convex sides, green veins, a thick, flat or slightly revolute, strongly blistered blade, goffered at the petiole sinus, and on the lower side of the blade, a medium to high density of prostrate hairs and erect hairs,
- the round-shaped berries.

# Genetic profile

	MicrosatelliteVVS2	VVMD5	VVMD7	VVMD27	VRZAG62	VRZAG79	VVMD25	VVMD28	VVMD32
Allele 1	141	225	249	178	196	244	248	235	249
Allele 2	149	238	262	186	204	246	254	245	271

## Cultivation and agronomic skills

Gueuche noir is a productive variety with an erect bearing. Regrowth after a spring frost is fertile and it is not very susceptible to coulure.

## Clonal selection in France

There is no certified clone for this variety yet. A conservatory of 3 clones was planted in the Jura region .

## Phenology

Bud burst: 3 days after Chasselas.

Grape maturity: mid-season, 2 and a half weeks after Chasselas.

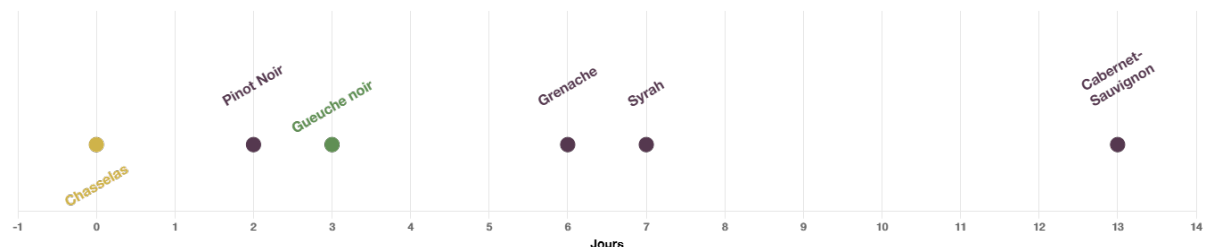
## Technological potential

The bunches are medium-sized and fairly compact. The berries are medium-sized, neutral in flavour and have a thin skin. The wines are lightly coloured and can be astringent and quite acidic.

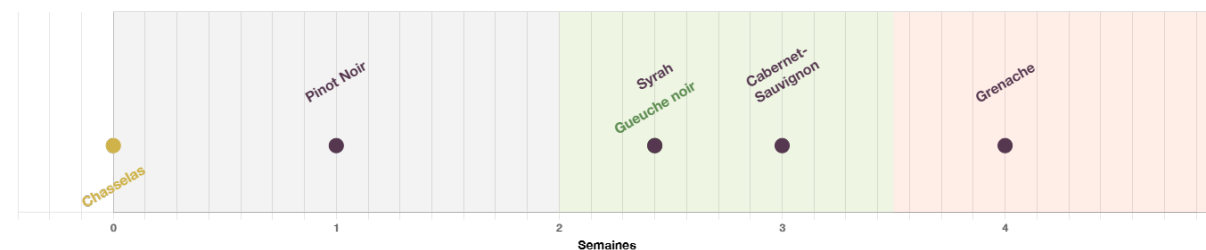
## Susceptibility to Diseases and Pests

Gueuche noir is susceptible to fungal diseases, especially to grey rot.

## Debourrement



## Maturité



## Bibliographic references

- Documentary collections of the Centre de Ressources Biologiques de la Vigne de Vassal-Montpellier, INRAE - Institut Agro Montpellier, Marseillan, France.
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