

# Galibia B

# Grape variety intended for the production of fruit juices.







#### Origin

Galibia is an interspecific hybrid obtained by Galibert.

#### Use

Grape variety intended for the production of fruit juices.

## Name of the variety in France

Galibia

### Synonymy

In France, this variety may officially be called "14-5 Galibert" concerning plant propagating material.

## Regulatory data

In France, Galibia is officially listed in the "Catalogue of vine varieties" since 2017 on the A list.

# **Description elements**

The identification is based on:

- the white tip of the young shoot with a low to medium density of prostrate hairs and a piping distribution of anthocyanin coloration,
- the reddish young leaves or with bronze spots,
- the red shoots with internodes presenting a very pronounced ternary rythm (two long then one very short) and with red tendrils,
- the small, circular or wedge-shaped, matte green adult leaves, with five lobes, deep U-shaped lateral sinuses, an open U-shaped petiole sinus, small teeth, long compared to their width at the base with straight or sometimes convex sides, a moderate to strong anthocyanin coloration of veins, a flat, sometimes twisted, finely blistered leaf blade, and on the lower side of the leaves, a medium density of erect hairs,
- the ellipsoid berries with visible veins at maturity.

# **Evolution of cultivated areas in France**

Year ha	
20180	

# Genetic profile

MicrosatelliteVVS2		VVMD5	VVMD7	VVMD27	VRZAG62	VRZAG79	VVMD25	VVMD28	VVMD32
Allele 1	141	229	237	176	178	256	248	235	255
Allele 2	147	234	251	191	194	256	254	237	271

# **Cultivation and agronomic skills**

Galibia is very fertile but quite weak and has a horizontal to drooping bearing. This variety is not very tolerant to water stress.

# Susceptibility to Diseases and Pests

Galibia is sensitive to vine leafhoppers and to phylloxeric galls. This variety does not seem particularly sensitive to other diseases.

### **Clonal selection in France**

The only certified Galibia clone carries the number 1290.

# Phenology

Bud burst: same as Chasselas. Grape maturity: mid-season, 3 weeks and a half after Chasselas.

## **Technological potential**

Galibia's bunches are medium to large, loose, with three or four wings. The berries are also medium to large, simple-flavored, with a thick skin and a juicy pulp. The berries have a low sugar accumulation potential and are very acidic.

## Bibliographic references

- Documentary collections of the Centre de Ressources Biologiques de la Vigne de Vassal-Montpellier, INRAE - Institut Agro | Montpellier, Marseillan, France.











