

# Genouillet N

Wine grape variety.



## Origin

This variety is native to the center of France and based on published genetic analyses, would be the result of the crossbreeding between Gouais blanc and Tressot.

## Use

Wine grape variety.

## Name of the variety in France

Genouillet

## Synonymy

There is no officially recognized synonym in France nor in the other countries of the European Union, for this variety.

## Regulatory data

In France, Genouillet is officially listed in the "Catalogue of vine varieties" since 2011 on the A list and classified.

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## Description elements

The identification is based on:

- the tip of the young shoot with a low to medium density of prostrate hairs,
- the green young leaves with bronze spots,
- the shoots with red stripes,
- the wedge-shaped or cordate adult leaves, with three or five lobes, deep upper lateral sinuses, a slightly open V-shaped petiole sinus, small to medium teeth with straight sides or with one side convex and one side concave, a weak anthocyanin coloration of veins, an involute, twisted and blistered leaf blade, and on the lower side of the leaves, a low to medium density of erect hairs and no prostrate hairs,
- the round-shaped or slightly ellipsoid berries.

# Evolution of cultivated areas in France

Year 1958 2018

ha 2 4.3

## Genetic profile

	MicrosatelliteVVS2	VVMD5	VVMD7	VVMD27	VRZAG62	VRZAG79	VVMD25	VVMD28	VVMD32
Allele 1	131	223	249	178	200	244	238	216	239
Allele 2	137	232	249	186	204	246	238	245	271

### Cultivation and agronomic skills

Genouillet is moderately vigorous, with a semi-erect bearing, and should preferably be pruned short.

### Clonal selection in France

The only certified Genouillet clone carries the number 1291.

### Phenology

Bud burst: 5 days after Chasselas.  
Grape maturity mid-season, 2 weeks and a half after Chasselas.

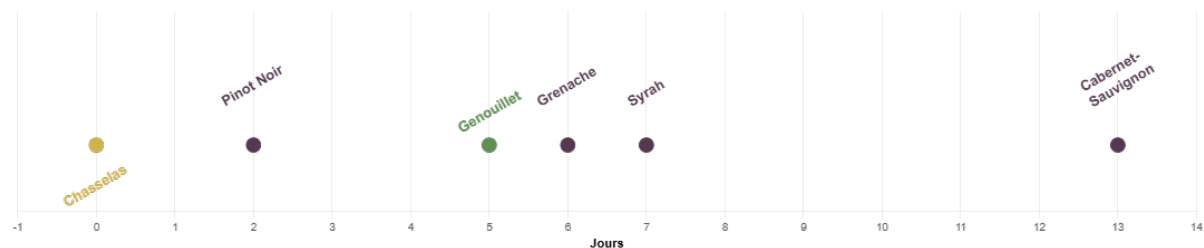
### Technological potential

Genouillet's bunches are medium in size and compact. The berries are also medium in size. This variety produces fresh, light, colored and pleasant wines.

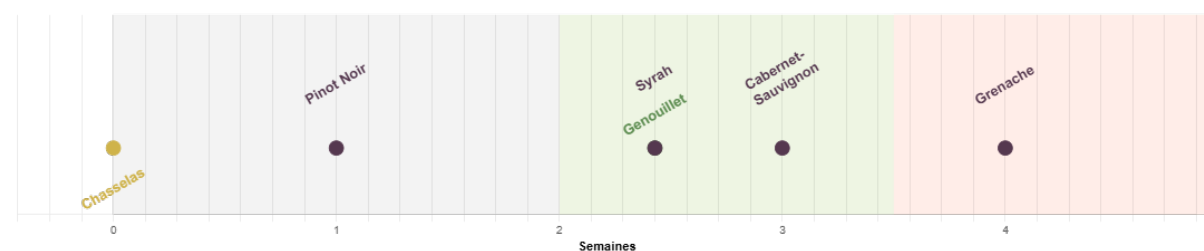
### Susceptibility to Diseases and Pests

Genouillet is susceptible to grey rot.

### Debourrement



### Maturité



### Bibliographic references

- Documentary collections of the Centre de Ressources Biologiques de la Vigne de Vassal-Montpellier, INRAE - Institut Agro Montpellier, Marseillan, France.

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