

Humagne rouge N

Wine grape variety.



Origin

This variety is originally from Aosta Valley. Based on published genetic analyses, Humagne rouge would be closely related to Cornalin du Valais.

Use

Wine grape variety.

Name of the variety in France

Humagne rouge

Synonymy

There is no officially recognized synonym in France nor in the other countries of the European Union, for this variety.

Regulatory data

In France, Humagne rouge is officially listed in the "Catalogue of vine varieties" on the B list. This variety is also listed in the catalogue of Italy.

Description elements

The identification is based on:

- the tip of the young shoot with a high density of prostrate hairs,
- the yellow young leaves with bronze spots,
- the shoots with a ribbed surface and green internodes,
- the wedge-shaped, dark green adult leaves, with three or five lobes, moderately deep lateral sinuses, a closed U-shaped petiole sinus or with slightly overlapping lobes, medium to large teeth with convex or straight sides, no anthocyanin coloration of veins, a moderately blistered leaf blade, slightly undulate between the veins, and on the lower side of the leaves, no or a low density of erect and prostrate hairs,
- the round-shaped or slightly ellipsoid berries.

Evolution of mother vine surfaces

Year 2018
ha 0

Genetic profile

MicrosatelliteVVS2		VVMD5	VVMD7	VVMD27	VRZAG62	VRZAG79	VVMD25	VVMD28	VVMD32
Allele 1	131	223	247	182	194	240	238	247	249
Allele 2	137	225	257	186	194	246	238	267	251

Cultivation and agronomic skills

Humagne rouge is fairly vigorous and has a steady fertility. It is adapted to well exposed and moderately or not very fertile soils.

Clonal selection in France

The only certified Humagne rouge clone carries the number 6002.

Phenology

Bud burst: 4 days after Chasselas.

Grape maturity: mid-season, 3 weeks after Chasselas.

Technological potential

Humagne rouge's bunches and berries are medium in size. This variety produces not very acidic and light wines. The sugar potential is moderate and a good maturity is required to avoid herbaceous flavors.

Susceptibility to Diseases and Pests

Humagne rouge is not very susceptible to grey rot.

Bibliographic references

- Documentary collections of the Centre de Ressources Biologiques de la Vigne de Vassal-Montpellier, INRAE Institut Agro Montpellier, Marseillan, France.
- Dictionnaire encyclopédique des cépages et de leurs synonymes. P. Galet, 2015, Ed. Libre&Solidaire, France.











Plantgrape, all rights reserved, plantgrape.fr, UMT Géno-Vigne® INRAE - IFV - L'Institut Agro Montpellier