

Persan N

Wine grape variety.



Origin

This variety is found in the Savoie and Isère regions.

Use

Wine grape variety.

Name of the variety in France

Persan

Synonymy

In Italy, Persan is officially designated as "Becuet". This synonym is officially recognized in France regarding plant propagation material.

Regulatory data

In France, Persan is officially listed in the "Catalogue of vine varieties" on the A list and classified. This variety is also listed in the catalogue of Italy.

Description elements

The identification is based on:

- the tip of the young shoot with a high density of prostrate hairs,
- the yellow or green young leaves with slightly bronze spots,
- the large, circular or kidney-shaped, dark green adult leaves, with five lobes, an open petiole sinus, short teeth compared to their width at the base with straight or convex sides, a weak anthocyanin coloration of veins, an involute, sometimes gofferred leaf blade, and on the lower side of the leaves, a low density of erect and prostrate hairs,
- the narrow ellipsoid berries.

Evolution of cultivated areas in France

Year	1958	1968	1979	1988	2000	2008	2018
ha	201	179	18	8	3	6	20

Genetic profile

Microsatellite	VVS2	VVMD5	VVMD7	VVMD27	VRZAG62	VRZAG79	VVMD25	VVMD28	VVMD32
Allele 1	149	225	239	182	188	240	248	233	239
Allele 2	149	236	257	186	194	252	262	233	251

Cultivation and agronomic skills

Persan is a vigorous variety which is generally pruned long, trained and managed in high growth vine stocks. Good results can be obtained on limestone scree soils.

Technological potential

The bunches and berries are small. Persan produces tannic wines, with a good acidity, that are suited for ageing.

Clonal selection in France

The only certified Persan clone carries the number 1110. A conservatory of 15 or so clones was planted in 1999 in the wine-growing region of Savoie.

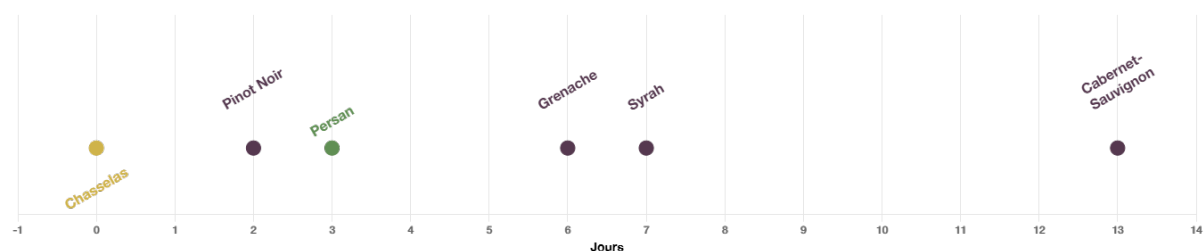
Susceptibility to Diseases and Pests

Persan is susceptible to downy and powdery mildew.

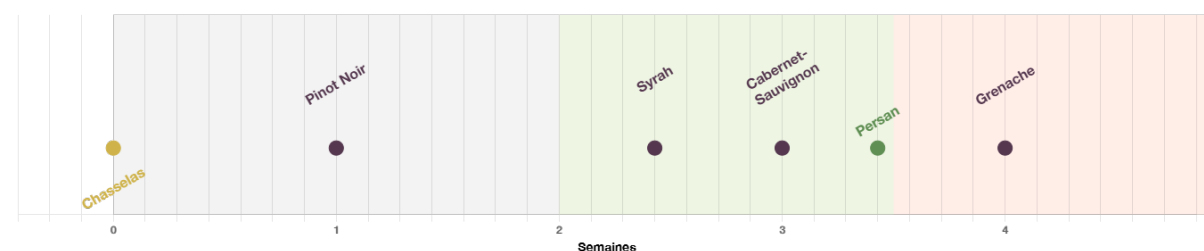
Phenology

Bud burst: 3 days after Chasselas.
Grape maturity: mid-season, 3 weeks and a half after Chasselas.

Debourrement



Maturité



Bibliographic references

- Catalogue des variétés et clones de vigne cultivés en France. Collectif, 2007, Ed. IFV, Le Grau-du-Roi, France.
- Documentary collections of the Centre de Ressources Biologiques de la Vigne de Vassal-Montpellier, INRAE - Institut Agro Montpellier, Marseillan, France.
- Dictionnaire encyclopédique des cépages et de leurs synonymes. P. Galet, 2015, Ed. Libre&Solidaire, France.
- Traité général de viticulture, Ampélographie. P. Viala and V. Vermorel, 1901-1909, Ed. Masson, Paris, France.
- Registro nazionale delle varietà di vite. Ministère de l'agriculture italien, under the name "Becuet", [[web site](#), visited in 2020].



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