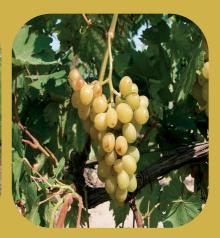


Mireille B

Table grape variety







Origin

This variety was obtained by H. Agnel by crossbreeding Italia and Perle de Csaba.

Use

Table grape variety

Name of the variety in France

Mireille

Synonymy

There is no officially recognized synonym in France nor in the other countries of the European Union, for this variety.

Regulatory data

In France, Mireille is officially listed in the "Catalogue of vine varieties" on the A list. This variety is also listed in the catalogue of Portugal.

Description elements

The identification is based on:

- the tip of the young shoot with a low density of prostrate hairs,
- the bronze or green young leaves with bronze spots,
- the circular adult leaves, with five lobes, deep lateral sinuses, an open or slightly open U-shaped petiole sinus, medium teeth with straight sides, a weak or moderate anthocyanin coloration of veins, a shiny slightly twisted leaf blade, and on the lower side of the leaves, a medium density of erect hairs and no prostrate hairs.
- the ellipsoid berries with a muscat flavor.

Evolution of mother vine surfaces

Year	2018
ha	0

Genetic profile

MicrosatelliteVVS2		VVMD5	VVMD7	VVMD27	VRZAG62	VRZAG79	VVMD25	VVMD28	VVMD32
Allele 1	131	229	243	176	204	256	238	233	271
Allele 2	131	234	247	178	204	260	240	267	271

Cultivation and agronomic skills

Mireille has a moderate vigor and a semi-erect to horizontal bearing. It must be trained and can be pruned short or moderately long.

Clonal selection in France

The only certified Mireille clone carries the number 599.

Phenology

Bud burst: 8 days before Chasselas.

Grape maturity: very early season, 3 weeks before Chasselas.

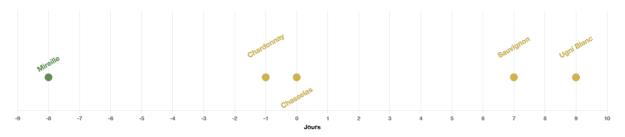
Technological potential

The bunches and the berries are small. Mireille's berries have a pleasant taste with a fleshy pulp. They can turn amber in color when ripe and shrivel quickly after the harvest.

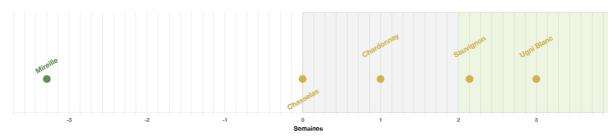
Susceptibility to Diseases and Pests

Mireille is not very susceptible to grey rot.

Debourrement



Maturité



Bibliographic references

- Catalogue des variétés et clones de vigne cultivés en France. Collectif, 2007, Ed. IFV, Le Grau-du-Roi, France. ©2023 Plantgrape, all rights reserved

- Documentary collections of the Centre de Ressources Biologiques de la Vigne de Vassal-Montpellier, INRAE Institut Agro Montpellier, Marseillan, France.
- Dictionnaire encyclopédique des cépages et de leurs synonymes. P. Galet, 2015, Ed. Libre&Solidaire, France.











Plantgrape, all rights reserved, plantgrape.fr, UMT Géno-Vigne® INRAE - IFV - L'Institut Agro Montpellier