

# Gascon N

Wine grape variety.



### Origin

This variety is originally from the north of France.

### Use

Wine grape variety.

### Name of the variety in France

Gascon

### Synonymy

There is no officially recognized synonym in France nor in the other countries of the European Union, for this variety.

### Regulatory data

In France, Gascon is officially listed in the "Catalogue of vine varieties" on the A list and classified.

### **Description elements**

The identification is based on:

- the tip of the young shoot with a high density of prostrate hairs,
- the yellow young leaves,
- the circular dark green adult leaves, entire or with three or five lobes, with a closed petiole sinus with overlapping lobes, medium teeth with straight sides, no anthocyanin coloration of veins, a flat sometimes goffered leaf blade, blistered, and on the lower side of the leaves, a medium density of erect and prostrate hairs,
- the round-shaped berries.

### **Evolution of cultivated areas in France**

Year ha			
195851			
196827			
19795			
19887			
19981			
20001			
20081			
20181			

## **Genetic profile**

MicrosatelliteVVS2		VVMD5	VVMD7	VVMD27	VRZAG62	VRZAG79	VVMD25	VVMD28	VVMD32
Allele 1	131	223	239	176	188	246	238	216	239
Allele 2	141	223	243	186	194	260	254	233	239

### Cultivation and agronomic skills

This variety is fairly vigorous and can be grown in various conditions. It is better to prune it short.

### Susceptibility to Diseases and Pests

Gascon is rather susceptible to grey rot. It is less sensitive to downy mildew.

#### **Clonal selection in France**

There is no certified clone for this variety yet.

### Bibliographic references

- Catalogue des variétés et clones de vigne cultivés en France. Collectif, 2007, Ed. IFV, Le Grau-du-Roi, France.

Phenology

Chasselas.

Bud burst: 6 days after Chasselas.

**Technological potential** 

Grape maturity: mid-season, 3 weeks and a half after

The bunches are medium in size and the berries are small. Gascon produces very colored, lively and acidic

wines with a medium degree of alcohol. Full matruity is

necessary to obtain a good quality product.

- Documentary collections of the Centre de Ressources Biologiques de la Vigne de Vassal-Montpellier, INRAE Institut Agro | Montpellier, Marseillan, France.
- Dictionnaire encyclopédique des cépages et de leurs synonymes. P. Galet, 2015, Ed. Libre&Solidaire, France.
- Traité général de viticulture, Ampélographie. P. Viala and V. Vermorel, 1901-1909, Ed. Masson, Paris, France.











Plantgrape, all rights reserved, plantgrape.com, © UMT Géno-Vigne® INRA - IFV - L'Institut Agro Montpellier